

**Asbestos.**—The asbestos industry was represented by 12 firms operating 15 mines at which there were mills for the grading of the product. The amount of capital employed was \$44,000,000, an increase of \$2,640,000 over the total reported for the preceding year. Employment was furnished to 2,572 persons, including 154 salaried employees, and the total disbursement in salaries and wages amounted to \$2,581,644.

**Other Non-metallic Industries.**—Other industries of importance from the standpoint of employment furnished were (1) gypsum-mining with 1,055 employees, (2) natural gas production with 921 employees, and (3) salt-mining with an average employment of 371 men.

### 3.—Structural Materials and Clay Products.

The average number of employees in the group in 1922 was 11,153, the salary and wage account being \$11,400,000. The average number on the payrolls of the cement industry decreased from 2,751 employees in 1921 to 1,753 in 1922. The chief division of the clay products industry consisted of 216 establishments actively engaged in the manufacture of brick and tile. In the whole industry, the average yearly wage for all workers was \$1,015, there having been a total of 4,681 employees to whom \$4,752,341 was paid.

#### 14.—Summary of Principal Statistics Relative to the Mining, Metallurgical, Structural Materials and Clay Products Industries Operating Plants in Canada, 1922.

Groups.	Number of active operators.	Number of operating plants or mines.	Capital employed.	Number of employees.	Salaries and wages paid.	Total operating expenditures.	Net value of bullion, ore, concentrates or residues shipped from the mines, and products made by the smelters.
			\$		\$	\$	\$
<b>METALLIC—</b>							
Auriferous quartz mining and milling.....	79	79	35,368,094	5,441	8,011,682	15,748,651	26,082,169
Silver-cobalt mining and milling.....	26	30	29,459,603	1,403	1,532,736	3,902,164	8,222,303
Silver-lead-zinc mining and milling.....	75	91	6,828,980 <sup>1</sup>	994	1,371,645	2,605,770	4,173,812
Copper-gold-silver mining and milling.....	18	18	6,519,516 <sup>2</sup>	826	1,150,275	1,612,999	2,031,671
Placer mining.....	200	200	10,703,650 <sup>3</sup>	650 <sup>4</sup>	670,500 <sup>5</sup>	670,500	1,460,347 <sup>6</sup>
Nickel-copper mining and milling.....	2	5	8,455,183	440	582,042	1,196,679	1,557,414
Iron mining and briquetting.....	—	—	5,479,766	—	—	—	56,993
Iron blast furnaces.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	106,980 <sup>6</sup>
Metallurgical works.....	8	13 <sup>4</sup>	63,160,551	3,384	5,042,787	14,214,987 <sup>5</sup>	16,465,205
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>498</b>	<b>436</b>	<b>165,975,343</b>	<b>13,138</b>	<b>18,361,667</b>	<b>39,951,750</b>	<b>69,156,894</b>

<sup>1</sup> Excluding capital invested by Consolidated Mining and Smelting Company, Trail, and Kingdon Smelter, Galetta.

<sup>2</sup> Excluding capital invested by Granby Consolidated Mining, Smelting and Power Company, Anyox.

<sup>3</sup> Estimate. Incorporated companies in Yukon Territory paid \$514,196 in wages; also includes estimate for wages paid in British Columbia.

<sup>4</sup> Includes 2 silver smelters, South Ontario; 5 plants: nickel-copper smelters and refineries in Ontario and Quebec; 6 plants: copper, lead and zinc smelters, Ontario and British Columbia, and refineries in British Columbia and Ontario.

<sup>5</sup> Does not include cost of ores, concentrates and residues treated.

<sup>6</sup> Represents value of pig iron made from Canadian ore, deducting the net value of ores treated.

<sup>7</sup> Includes production of Yukon Territory, 82,394 crude ounces valued at \$16.12 per oz., and production for British Columbia valued at \$364,800.

<sup>8</sup> Incorporated companies of Yukon Territory.